

Occupational Injuries and Illnesses and Work-related Fatalities

The series covers two separate programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)—the annual Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses and the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI). Data from both programs are used by employers, workers, and safety and health specialists in efforts to prevent job-related injuries and illnesses and lessen the severity of those that do occur.

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with State agencies, gathers information from employers on the number of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses. Each year the survey provides estimates by industry and by State of the number and incidence of workplace injuries and illnesses, and the number of injuries and illnesses that involve lost work time. The median number of days away from work and the percent distribution of days away from work by industry are also given.

For workers with injuries and illnesses involving time away from work, the survey estimates the number and percent distribution of injuries and illnesses by occupation, sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and length of service. Numbers, percent distributions, and incidence rates are also calculated by detailed nature of injury and illness, part of body affected, source of the injury or illness, and type of event or exposure leading to the incident. Cross tabulations of the worker characteristics and injury/illness circumstances are also available. The median and percent distribution of days away from work are estimated for each worker and case characteristic.

Additional information can be obtained from the annual bulletin: *Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics*.

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries collects a systematic, verifiable count of all fatal work injuries as well as detailed information on how these events occurred. Because studies have shown that no single source captures all worker deaths, multiple data sources are used to identify, verify, and profile fatal work injuries. Death certificates, State and Federal workers' compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) fatality reports, news media, coroner, medical examiner, and autopsy reports, State motor vehicle fatality reports, and follow-up questionnaires are among the major sources used to compile the Federal Government's most complete count of job-related fatalities.

Information such as type of incident and machinery or equipment involved; nature of injury and part of body affected; occupation, age, race, and sex of the worker; and industry of the employer is collected for each fatal injury.

Summary tables are released approximately 8 months after the end of the reference year. Profiles of fatalities occurring to specific groups of workers, or for specific types of events, or for those involving certain types of equipment or machinery are also possible.

Additional Information

For more detailed data on these programs, contact Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 3180, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Washington, DC 20212. Telephone: (202) 606-6175. E-mail: CFOI_staff@bls.gov Internet: <http://stats.bls.gov>

Table E-1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and industry division, 1994

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Private industry ²	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ³	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total	2,236.6	41.0	20.7	218.8	584.3	241.7	165.7	394.6	55.3	514.4
Sex:										
Men	1,483.2	33.9	20.2	213.3	430.8	188.5	141.7	220.4	26.6	207.9
Women	730.8	7.0	.5	4.4	149.7	42.7	23.3	171.6	28.5	303.2
Age: ⁴										
14 to 15 years	1.2	.1	—	—	.1	—	.2	.4	.1	.3
16 to 19 years	97.3	2.0	.2	7.4	18.5	4.7	5.4	40.3	1.0	17.7
20 to 24 years	307.8	8.0	2.0	28.4	74.6	26.0	23.8	72.0	5.9	67.1
25 to 34 years	708.0	13.3	5.2	82.2	181.2	80.9	56.7	119.8	16.2	152.7
35 to 44 years	576.9	8.9	7.2	58.3	160.9	67.8	43.6	80.1	13.8	136.3
45 to 54 years	327.9	4.4	4.2	25.0	95.5	39.7	21.0	44.6	10.6	83.0
55 to 64 years	147.5	2.6	1.3	10.1	40.9	16.1	9.5	22.3	5.4	39.3
65 years and over	21.0	.6	.1	.8	3.7	.8	1.4	5.7	1.0	7.1
Occupation:										
Managerial and professional specialty	118.2	.8	.5	2.9	8.8	3.7	4.9	14.3	6.8	75.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	336.0	1.2	.7	3.0	36.1	35.9	26.0	126.7	23.9	82.5
Service	391.3	.6	.1	.9	12.4	12.9	2.3	105.9	12.5	243.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	52.6	32.6	—	.5	4.0	.2	2.3	1.5	3.1	8.3
Precision production, craft, and repair	372.3	1.3	10.1	128.2	98.4	29.5	20.3	40.8	5.5	38.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	950.4	4.3	9.1	82.5	418.2	158.4	109.0	103.0	2.9	62.9
Length of service with employer:										
Less than 3 months	308.0	10.5	2.6	48.8	69.1	22.2	24.2	62.5	4.1	63.9
3 to 11 months	423.9	8.0	3.7	51.9	95.8	33.8	31.1	86.5	10.0	103.2
1 to 5 years	707.3	12.4	5.5	67.2	165.3	64.6	54.3	130.2	20.2	187.6
More than 5 years	595.8	7.7	7.4	37.8	203.3	81.6	46.6	77.2	16.1	118.3
Not reported	201.6	2.4	1.5	13.1	50.8	39.7	9.6	38.2	4.9	41.5
Race or ethnic origin:										
White, non-Hispanic	1,234.1	17.6	4.5	150.1	338.2	102.8	106.7	214.9	29.4	269.9
Black, non-Hispanic	197.4	1.8	.3	12.2	54.7	18.8	13.6	26.2	5.1	64.7
Hispanic	189.7	15.5	2.4	17.7	51.2	11.4	15.5	27.9	4.5	43.6
Asian or Pacific Islander	33.9	.4	—	1.9	8.4	2.1	2.5	6.0	1.2	11.5
American Indian or Alaskan Native	7.2	.2	—	1.2	2.0	.5	.3	.8	.1	1.9
Not reported	574.3	5.6	13.6	35.6	129.7	106.0	27.1	118.8	15.0	122.8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S.

Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

⁴ Information is not shown separately in this release for injured workers under age 14; they accounted for 55 cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data not meeting publication guidelines. Because of rounding and nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table E-2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and industry division, 1994

Characteristic	Private industry ²	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ³	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sex:										
Men	66.3	82.6	97.4	97.5	73.7	78.0	85.5	55.8	48.0	40.4
Women	32.7	17.1	2.4	2.0	25.6	17.7	14.1	43.5	51.5	58.9
Age: ⁴										
14 to 15 years .....	.1	.3	—	—	—	—	.1	.1	.1	.1
16 to 19 years	4.3	4.8	1.0	3.4	3.2	2.0	3.3	10.2	1.8	3.4
20 to 24 years	13.8	19.5	9.7	13.0	12.8	10.8	14.3	18.2	10.7	13.1
25 to 34 years	31.7	32.4	24.9	37.5	31.0	33.5	34.2	30.4	29.2	29.7
35 to 44 years	25.8	21.6	35.0	26.7	27.5	28.1	26.3	20.3	25.0	26.5
45 to 54 years	14.7	10.7	20.1	11.4	16.3	16.4	12.7	11.3	19.2	16.1
55 to 64 years	6.6	6.2	6.4	4.6	7.0	6.7	5.8	5.7	9.7	7.6
65 years and over .....	.9	1.4	.4	.4	.6	.3	.8	1.4	1.7	1.4
Occupation:										
Managerial and professional specialty	5.3	2.0	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	2.9	3.6	12.2	14.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	15.0	2.9	3.2	1.4	6.2	14.8	15.7	32.1	43.2	16.0
Service	17.5	1.5	.6	.4	2.1	5.3	1.4	26.8	22.7	47.3
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.4	79.4	—	.2	.7	.1	1.4	.4	5.6	1.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.6	3.1	48.7	58.6	16.8	12.2	12.2	10.3	9.9	7.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	42.5	10.5	43.8	37.7	71.6	65.5	65.8	26.1	5.3	12.2
Length of service with employer:										
Less than 3 months	13.8	25.6	12.5	22.3	11.8	9.2	14.6	15.8	7.4	12.4
3 to 11 months	19.0	19.5	17.9	23.7	16.4	14.0	18.7	21.9	18.1	20.1
1 to 5 years	31.6	30.2	26.6	30.7	28.3	26.7	32.8	33.0	36.5	36.5
More than 5 years	26.6	18.7	35.8	17.3	34.8	33.7	28.1	19.6	29.1	23.0
Not reported	9.0	5.9	7.2	6.0	8.7	16.4	5.8	9.7	8.9	8.1
Race or ethnic origin:										
White, non-Hispanic	55.2	42.9	21.8	68.6	57.9	42.5	64.4	54.5	53.1	52.5
Black, non-Hispanic	8.8	4.4	1.2	5.6	9.4	7.8	8.2	6.6	9.2	12.6
Hispanic	8.5	37.8	11.3	8.1	8.8	4.7	9.3	7.1	8.2	8.5
Asian or Pacific Islander	1.5	.9	—	.9	1.4	.9	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.2
American Indian or Alaskan Native .....	.3	.4	—	.6	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.4
Not reported	25.7	13.7	65.4	16.3	22.2	43.9	16.3	30.1	27.1	23.9

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S.

Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

⁴ Information is not shown separately in this release for injured workers under age 14; they accounted for 55 cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data not meeting publication guidelines. Because of rounding and nonclassifiable responses, percentages may not add to 100.

Table E-3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and industry division, 1994

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation	Private industry ²	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ³	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total	2,236.6	41.0	20.7	218.8	584.3	241.7	165.7	394.6	55.3	514.4
Truck drivers	163.8	1.3	.8	5.9	15.1	86.0	26.4	18.0	.3	10.1
Laborers, nonconstruction	147.3	.5	2.2	—	52.5	11.0	39.5	23.3	1.5	16.8
Nursing aides, orderlies	101.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	.6	101.2
Janitors and cleaners	60.6	.4	.1	.4	10.8	1.8	1.9	7.1	7.7	30.5
Construction laborers	55.7	—	—	54.5	.2	.3	—	.1	.1	.4
Assemblers	53.0	.1	—	.2	47.7	.1	2.6	.6	—	1.7
Carpenters	37.4	—	.1	29.3	3.6	.3	.5	1.6	.4	1.7
Stock handlers and baggers	37.2	—	.1	—	1.7	.2	3.3	31.4	—	.5
Cooks	36.3	—	—	—	.2	.1	.1	23.9	.5	11.4
Cashiers	35.6	—	—	—	.1	.2	.7	32.1	.2	2.3
Miscellaneous food preparation	34.7	—	—	.1	.3	.1	.1	25.7	.3	8.1
Sales workers, miscellaneous commodities	32.2	.1	—	—	.3	.1	1.3	28.6	.2	1.6
Welders and cutters	30.3	.1	.5	3.0	22.6	.8	1.8	.1	—	1.4
Supervisors and proprietors, sales	29.8	—	—	.1	1.0	.1	4.0	23.1	.6	1.0
Registered nurses	29.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	.2	29.3
Maids and housemen	28.7	—	—	.1	.1	—	—	.3	.7	27.6
Waiters and waitresses	22.1	—	—	.1	—	.1	—	14.7	.3	6.9
Shipping and receiving clerks	22.0	.1	—	.1	7.4	5.1	2.8	5.3	.2	1.2
Automobile mechanics	21.5	—	—	—	.6	.4	1.7	13.8	—	5.0
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	20.5	8.7	—	.5	.3	.1	.4	.9	3.0	6.5
Driver-sales workers	18.7	—	—	—	6.3	1.0	7.0	2.3	.1	1.9
Electricians	18.6	—	.5	12.4	3.0	.6	.2	.1	.1	1.8
Farm workers	17.4	16.1	—	—	.4	—	.7	—	.1	.1
Kitchen workers	16.4	—	—	—	.1	.1	.1	14.5	—	1.6
Supervisors, production	15.9	—	.1	—	11.5	.6	1.0	1.1	.1	1.5
Packaging machine operators	15.2	.1	—	—	14.1	—	.6	.2	—	.3
Stock and inventory clerks	14.8	—	—	.2	3.7	.9	1.8	5.7	.1	2.4
Industrial machinery repairers	14.7	—	1.8	.1	10.8	.2	.9	.1	.1	.7
Health aides, except nursing	14.5	—	—	—	—	.1	—	—	.1	14.3
Textile sewing machine operators	14.2	—	—	—	14.0	—	.1	—	—	.1
Guards and police, except public	14.1	—	—	.1	.5	.5	.1	1.5	.8	10.6
Industrial truck, tractor equipment operators	14.0	.5	.6	.3	6.9	1.7	2.3	1.4	—	.3
Licensed practical nurses	13.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13.8
Plumbers, pipefitters, steamfitters	13.7	—	—	10.0	1.7	.4	.7	.1	.1	.8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S.

Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data not meeting publication guidelines. Because of rounding and occupations not shown, data may not sum to the totals.

Table E-4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and industry division, 1994

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Private industry ²	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ³	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total	2,236.6	41.0	20.7	218.8	584.3	241.7	165.7	394.6	55.3	514.4
Nature of injury, illness:										
Sprains, strains	963.5	14.8	8.2	81.0	223.3	123.3	74.6	165.9	20.3	252.1
Bruises, contusions	212.0	3.6	2.6	16.3	54.4	26.4	15.1	41.9	4.4	47.2
Cuts, lacerations	164.6	4.5	1.4	20.3	48.9	8.0	11.0	43.7	2.9	24.0
Fractures	138.5	2.9	2.1	21.2	36.2	13.7	11.1	20.2	4.6	26.6
Carpal tunnel syndrome	38.3	.3	.1	1.4	17.6	2.6	2.4	4.9	2.6	6.4
Heat burns	37.3	.3	.3	3.0	9.5	1.1	1.1	14.7	.3	6.9
Tendonitis	25.2	.2	—	.9	13.3	.9	1.7	3.0	.9	4.1
Chemical burns	16.5	.2	.2	1.8	5.7	.7	1.3	2.6	.4	3.5
Amputations	12.2	.4	.2	1.0	6.7	.6	1.1	1.2	.1	1.0
Multiple injuries	70.8	1.3	1.2	7.3	16.3	7.6	6.9	11.2	2.1	17.0
Part of body affected:										
Head	151.2	4.2	1.6	20.4	45.0	14.1	10.7	22.6	3.1	29.5
Eye	83.5	2.7	.8	13.1	31.1	5.0	5.9	10.1	1.4	13.4
Neck	40.2	.4	.5	2.8	8.7	6.4	2.6	6.5	1.2	11.0
Trunk	866.7	13.4	7.8	79.2	210.9	101.9	68.7	149.3	18.4	217.1
Shoulder	109.5	1.5	.8	9.6	31.0	14.4	8.3	17.2	2.5	24.2
Back	606.5	9.3	5.2	53.7	139.2	71.3	47.8	106.4	12.8	160.8
Upper extremities	506.8	9.5	3.8	45.9	177.3	34.9	32.6	98.6	12.5	91.7
Wrist	110.2	1.4	.4	7.7	40.2	9.1	6.4	18.1	4.9	22.0
Hand, except finger	88.1	2.3	.7	9.3	28.8	5.4	4.9	19.2	1.6	15.9
Finger	187.4	3.8	1.9	17.5	71.1	9.8	12.3	39.2	2.8	29.0
Lower extremities	443.8	9.3	4.9	49.9	99.2	57.5	34.9	79.7	10.9	97.4
Knee	149.1	3.1	1.9	17.3	31.9	18.6	10.1	27.1	3.9	35.1
Foot, except toe	85.2	1.5	.9	10.6	21.4	9.0	8.1	15.9	1.8	15.9
Toe	30.1	.5	.2	3.2	8.0	3.4	2.6	6.0	.5	5.6
Body systems	32.6	.5	.1	2.3	7.2	2.9	1.8	5.5	2.2	9.9
Multiple parts	177.7	3.1	1.9	16.9	32.2	22.2	12.9	29.2	6.5	52.9
Source of injury, illness:										
Chemicals and chemical products	43.0	.6	1.7	3.3	14.7	2.2	2.4	6.5	1.2	10.4
Containers	329.0	3.8	1.1	10.8	82.3	54.5	37.1	85.1	6.0	48.3
Furniture and fixtures	81.1	.3	.1	3.7	15.2	4.3	4.6	22.3	3.4	27.1
Machinery	153.6	3.0	2.5	12.8	64.5	7.1	11.5	28.2	3.1	20.8
Parts and materials	249.9	3.2	3.5	54.2	103.6	18.9	19.7	25.0	2.5	19.1
Worker motion or position	331.9	6.1	.8	26.7	109.7	35.5	22.0	49.4	11.0	70.8
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	359.9	6.3	3.6	39.1	59.3	41.3	23.1	77.1	13.5	96.5
Tools, instruments, and equipment	133.3	3.7	1.8	23.0	38.6	7.5	6.7	24.1	2.6	25.3
Vehicles	164.8	3.6	1.4	10.3	26.5	40.3	19.7	24.7	3.5	34.8
Health care patient	93.0	—	—	—	—	1.6	.1	—	.4	91.0
Event or exposure:										
Contact with objects and equipment	607.1	13.4	8.3	72.9	196.2	51.2	46.7	112.0	10.3	96.0
Struck by object	292.6	6.4	4.1	38.3	82.9	26.0	23.5	59.2	4.9	47.1
Struck against object	162.3	3.4	1.9	18.5	47.1	13.2	11.5	33.2	3.5	29.9
Caught in equipment or object	95.9	2.0	1.9	6.8	46.7	6.5	7.8	12.1	1.0	11.2
Fall to lower level	111.3	3.1	1.9	24.7	17.3	14.6	9.5	15.4	3.9	20.8
Fall to same level	265.6	3.8	2.0	18.3	45.4	27.2	14.7	65.1	10.4	78.7
Slips, trips, loss of balance—without fall	72.5	1.6	.2	6.7	16.4	9.5	4.9	13.0	1.8	18.3
Overexertion	613.3	7.1	5.4	49.9	151.8	71.0	50.9	100.7	11.2	165.2
Overexertion in lifting	367.4	4.0	2.1	28.5	86.2	42.5	33.1	70.2	6.8	94.1
Repetitive motion	92.6	.7	.1	3.3	49.3	5.6	4.7	10.5	5.0	13.3
Exposure to harmful substances	110.9	2.1	1.0	9.8	31.7	7.5	5.2	24.4	2.6	26.7
Transportation accidents	79.8	2.1	.6	6.2	9.5	19.8	8.5	10.3	2.4	20.4
Fires and explosions	5.0	.1	.1	.8	1.2	.4	.3	1.0	.1	1.2
Assaults and violent acts by person	20.4	.1	—	.2	.8	1.0	.5	3.2	.9	13.7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S.

Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

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Table E-5. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and industry division, 1994

Characteristic	Private industry ²	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ³	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nature of injury, illness:										
Sprains, strains	43.1	36.2	39.7	37.0	38.2	51.0	45.0	42.0	36.6	49.0
Bruises, contusions	9.5	8.9	12.6	7.5	9.3	10.9	9.1	10.6	7.9	9.2
Cuts, lacerations	7.4	11.0	6.5	9.3	8.4	3.3	6.6	11.1	5.2	4.7
Fractures	6.2	7.2	10.2	9.7	6.2	5.7	6.7	5.1	8.3	5.2
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.7	.8	.3	.7	3.0	1.1	1.4	1.3	4.7	1.3
Heat burns	1.7	.7	1.6	1.4	1.6	.5	.7	3.7	.6	1.3
Tendonitis	1.1	.6	—	.4	2.3	.4	1.1	.8	1.6	.8
Chemical burns .....	.7	.6	1.2	.8	1.0	.3	.8	.7	.7	.7
Amputations .....	.5	.9	1.0	.5	1.1	.2	.7	.3	.2	.2
Multiple injuries	3.2	3.1	5.9	3.3	2.8	3.1	4.2	2.8	3.8	3.3
Part of body affected:										
Head	6.8	10.2	7.6	9.3	7.7	5.8	6.5	5.7	5.5	5.7
Eye	3.7	6.5	4.0	6.0	5.3	2.1	3.5	2.6	2.6	2.6
Neck	1.8	1.0	2.4	1.3	1.5	2.6	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.1
Trunk	38.8	32.8	37.6	36.2	36.1	42.2	41.4	37.8	33.2	42.2
Shoulder	4.9	3.6	4.1	4.4	5.3	5.9	5.0	4.4	4.6	4.7
Back	27.1	22.6	25.3	24.5	23.8	29.5	28.8	27.0	23.2	31.3
Upper extremities	22.7	23.0	18.4	21.0	30.3	14.4	19.7	25.0	22.6	17.8
Wrist	4.9	3.4	2.0	3.5	6.9	3.7	3.9	4.6	8.9	4.3
Hand, except finger	3.9	5.6	3.4	4.2	4.9	2.3	3.0	4.9	2.9	3.1
Finger	8.4	9.2	9.3	8.0	12.2	4.1	7.4	9.9	5.1	5.6
Lower extremities	19.8	22.6	23.8	22.8	17.0	23.8	21.0	20.2	19.7	18.9
Knee	6.7	7.6	9.3	7.9	5.5	7.7	6.1	6.9	7.0	6.8
Foot, except toe	3.8	3.7	4.2	4.8	3.7	3.7	4.9	4.0	3.3	3.1
Toe	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	.9	1.1
Body systems	1.5	1.3	.7	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	4.1	1.9
Multiple parts	7.9	7.6	9.4	7.7	5.5	9.2	7.8	7.4	11.8	10.3
Source of injury, illness:										
Chemicals and chemical products	1.9	1.5	8.2	1.5	2.5	.9	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.0
Containers	14.7	9.2	5.3	4.9	14.1	22.5	22.4	21.6	10.9	9.4
Furniture and fixtures	3.6	.7	.6	1.7	2.6	1.8	2.7	5.7	6.2	5.3
Machinery	6.9	7.3	12.1	5.9	11.0	2.9	6.9	7.2	5.6	4.0
Parts and materials	11.2	7.8	17.0	24.8	17.7	7.8	11.9	6.3	4.4	3.7
Worker motion or position	14.8	14.9	3.8	12.2	18.8	14.7	13.3	12.5	19.8	13.8
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	16.1	15.5	17.1	17.9	10.2	17.1	13.9	19.5	24.5	18.8
Tools, instruments, and equipment	6.0	9.1	8.6	10.5	6.6	3.1	4.1	6.1	4.7	4.9
Vehicles	7.4	8.8	7.0	4.7	4.5	16.7	11.9	6.3	6.3	6.8
Health care patient	4.2	—	—	—	—	.6	—	—	.7	17.7
Event or exposure:										
Contact with objects and equipment	27.1	32.6	39.9	33.3	33.6	21.2	28.2	28.4	18.6	18.7
Struck by object	13.1	15.7	20.0	17.5	14.2	10.8	14.2	15.0	8.9	9.2
Struck against object	7.3	8.3	9.4	8.4	8.1	5.4	6.9	8.4	6.3	5.8
Caught in equipment or object	4.3	4.9	9.1	3.1	8.0	2.7	4.7	3.1	1.8	2.2
Fall to lower level	5.0	7.5	9.4	11.3	3.0	6.0	5.7	3.9	7.1	4.0
Fall to same level	11.9	9.2	9.5	8.4	7.8	11.3	8.9	16.5	18.7	15.3
Slips, trips, loss of balance—without fall	3.2	3.8	1.0	3.1	2.8	3.9	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.6
Overexertion	27.4	17.2	26.2	22.8	26.0	29.4	30.7	25.5	20.2	32.1
Overexertion in lifting	16.4	9.8	10.3	13.0	14.7	17.6	20.0	17.8	12.3	18.3
Repetitive motion	4.1	1.7	.5	1.5	8.4	2.3	2.8	2.7	9.1	2.6
Exposure to harmful substances	5.0	5.2	4.6	4.5	5.4	3.1	3.1	6.2	4.7	5.2
Transportation accidents	3.6	5.1	3.0	2.8	1.6	8.2	5.1	2.6	4.3	4.0
Fires and explosions .....	.2	.3	.5	.3	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2
Assaults and violent acts by person .....	.9	.3	—	.1	.1	.4	.3	.8	1.6	2.7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S.

Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data not meeting publication guidelines. Because of rounding and classifications not shown, percentages may not add to 100.

Table E-6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and industry division, 1994

Characteristic	Private industry ³	Goods-producing				Service-producing				
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ³	Mining ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ⁴	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total [2,236,600 cases]	277.0	385.1	329.0	486.2	319.7	423.9	281.1	261.4	88.7	220.4
Nature of injury, illness:										
Sprains, strains	119.3	139.4	130.7	179.9	122.2	216.2	126.5	109.9	32.5	108.0
Bruises, contusions	26.2	34.2	41.5	36.3	29.8	46.3	25.6	27.7	7.0	20.2
Cuts, lacerations	20.4	42.3	21.5	45.0	26.7	14.1	18.6	28.9	4.6	10.3
Fractures	17.2	27.6	33.5	47.1	19.8	24.0	18.8	13.4	7.3	11.4
Carpal tunnel syndrome	4.8	3.2	—	3.2	9.6	4.5	4.0	3.3	4.1	2.8
Heat burns	4.6	2.8	5.2	6.8	5.2	2.0	1.9	9.7	—	2.9
Tendonitis	3.1	2.3	—	2.0	7.3	1.5	3.0	2.0	1.4	1.8
Chemical burns	2.0	2.1	3.9	4.1	3.1	1.2	2.2	1.7	—	1.5
Amputations	1.5	3.5	3.2	2.3	3.7	—	1.8	—	—	—
Multiple injuries	8.8	12.1	19.4	16.2	8.9	13.3	11.8	7.4	3.4	7.3
Part of body affected:										
Head	18.7	39.4	24.9	45.4	24.6	24.8	18.2	15.0	4.9	12.6
Eye	10.4	24.9	13.1	29.0	17.0	8.8	10.0	6.7	2.3	5.7
Neck	5.0	3.8	7.9	6.3	4.7	11.2	4.5	4.3	2.0	4.7
Trunk	107.3	126.2	123.6	176.0	115.4	178.7	116.5	98.9	29.4	93.0
Shoulder	13.6	14.0	13.4	21.4	17.0	25.2	14.1	11.4	4.0	10.4
Back	75.1	87.0	83.1	119.4	76.2	125.0	81.1	70.5	20.6	68.9
Upper extremities	62.8	88.7	60.7	102.0	97.0	61.2	55.3	65.3	20.0	39.3
Wrist	13.6	12.9	6.6	17.2	22.0	15.9	10.9	12.0	7.9	9.4
Hand, except finger	10.9	21.5	11.1	20.6	15.8	9.6	8.4	12.7	2.6	6.8
Finger	23.2	35.4	30.6	38.8	38.9	17.2	20.9	26.0	4.5	12.4
Lower extremities	55.0	87.1	78.2	110.9	54.3	100.9	59.2	52.8	17.4	41.8
Knee	18.5	29.4	30.6	38.5	17.5	32.6	17.2	17.9	6.2	15.0
Foot, except toe	10.6	14.2	14.0	23.5	11.7	15.8	13.8	10.5	2.9	6.8
Toe	3.7	5.1	3.6	7.1	4.4	5.9	4.3	4.0	—	2.4
Body systems	4.0	5.1	2.3	5.1	3.9	5.1	3.1	3.7	3.6	4.2
Multiple parts	22.0	29.4	30.9	37.5	17.6	38.9	21.8	19.3	10.4	22.7
Source of injury, illness:										
Chemicals and chemical products	5.3	5.6	27.0	7.4	8.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	1.9	4.4
Containers	40.7	35.3	17.6	24.0	45.0	95.6	63.0	56.4	9.7	20.7
Furniture and fixtures	10.0	2.6	2.1	8.3	8.3	7.5	7.7	14.8	5.5	11.6
Machinery	19.0	28.3	39.7	28.4	35.3	12.4	19.5	18.7	4.9	8.9
Parts and materials	31.0	30.0	55.8	120.5	56.7	33.2	33.4	16.6	4.0	8.2
Worker motion or position	41.1	57.3	12.5	59.4	60.0	62.3	37.2	32.7	17.6	30.4
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	44.6	59.6	56.4	86.9	32.4	72.4	39.2	51.1	21.7	41.4
Tools, instruments, and equipment	16.5	35.0	28.3	51.0	21.1	13.2	11.4	16.0	4.2	10.8
Vehicles	20.4	33.8	22.9	23.0	14.5	70.7	33.4	16.4	5.6	14.9
Health care patient	11.5	—	—	—	—	2.7	—	—	—	39.0
Event or exposure:										
Contact with objects and equipment	75.2	125.6	131.4	161.9	107.4	89.8	79.2	74.2	16.5	41.2
Struck by object	36.2	60.4	65.6	85.1	45.3	45.7	39.9	39.2	7.9	20.2
Struck against object	20.1	32.0	30.9	41.1	25.8	23.1	19.5	22.0	5.6	12.8
Caught in equipment or object	11.9	18.8	29.9	15.0	25.5	11.5	13.2	8.0	1.6	4.8
Fall to lower level	13.8	29.0	30.8	54.9	9.5	25.6	16.1	10.2	6.3	8.9
Fall to same level	32.9	35.2	31.4	40.7	24.8	47.8	25.0	43.1	16.6	33.7
Slips, trips, loss of balance—without fall	9.0	14.7	3.2	15.0	9.0	16.7	8.4	8.6	2.9	7.8
Overexertion	76.0	66.4	86.1	110.9	83.0	124.6	86.4	66.7	17.9	70.8
Overexertion in lifting	45.5	37.8	34.0	63.3	47.1	74.5	56.1	46.5	10.9	40.3
Repetitive motion	11.5	6.7	1.6	7.3	27.0	9.8	8.0	7.0	8.1	5.7
Exposure to harmful substances	13.7	20.0	15.3	21.8	17.3	13.1	8.8	16.2	4.2	11.4
Transportation accidents	9.9	19.8	9.9	13.8	5.2	34.8	14.4	6.8	3.8	8.8
Fires and explosions	—	1.3	1.6	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Assaults and violent acts by person	2.5	1.0	—	—	—	1.8	—	2.1	1.4	5.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data, data not meeting publication guidelines, or incidence rates less than 1.0 per 10,000 full-time workers.

Table E-7. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, 1994

Characteristic	Total cases	Percent of cases involving							Median days away from work
		1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	16.3	12.9	21.0	13.3	11.2	6.4	18.9	5
Sex:									
Men	100.0	16.7	12.9	20.7	13.3	11.1	6.4	19.0	5
Women	100.0	15.5	13.1	21.8	13.4	11.5	6.4	18.4	5
Age: ²									
14 to 15 years	100.0	15.4	26.8	23.7	12.5	5.5	9.2	6.8	4
16 to 19 years	100.0	23.3	16.9	24.6	13.6	9.6	4.5	7.4	3
20 to 24 years	100.0	19.6	16.4	23.3	13.2	10.2	5.7	11.7	4
25 to 34 years	100.0	17.6	13.7	22.1	13.6	10.9	6.1	16.2	5
35 to 44 years	100.0	15.2	12.0	20.0	13.1	11.6	6.5	21.6	6
45 to 54 years	100.0	13.0	10.6	19.0	13.3	12.3	7.0	24.8	8
55 to 64 years	100.0	10.7	9.3	18.0	13.0	12.5	8.5	28.0	10
65 years and over	100.0	10.2	10.1	18.6	13.2	12.2	7.5	28.2	10
Occupation:									
Managerial and professional specialty	100.0	17.9	15.0	22.3	13.8	10.5	5.4	15.1	5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	100.0	16.6	13.5	21.5	13.0	11.0	6.8	17.6	5
Service	100.0	15.8	13.8	24.1	14.2	10.9	5.5	15.7	5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	100.0	13.5	12.8	22.7	15.2	12.3	6.4	17.1	6
Precision production, craft, and repair	100.0	16.6	12.4	19.6	12.5	11.2	6.6	21.2	6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	100.0	16.1	12.3	20.0	13.2	11.5	6.7	20.3	6
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	18.1	14.3	22.1	12.9	9.6	6.1	16.9	5
3 to 11 months	100.0	17.6	14.1	22.6	13.6	10.3	5.5	16.3	5
1 to 5 years	100.0	16.7	13.2	21.6	13.4	11.1	6.3	17.7	5
More than 5 years	100.0	14.2	11.5	19.0	13.2	12.7	7.1	22.4	7
Race or ethnic origin:									
White, non-Hispanic	100.0	16.9	13.1	21.1	12.8	10.9	6.5	18.8	5
Black, non-Hispanic	100.0	15.4	13.4	21.4	13.7	10.9	6.0	19.1	5
Hispanic	100.0	15.2	12.2	21.3	14.5	11.6	6.7	18.5	6
Asian or Pacific Islander	100.0	15.9	14.0	24.6	14.6	10.8	5.3	14.8	5
American Indian or Alaskan Native	100.0	15.0	12.9	23.5	16.2	9.3	6.4	16.7	5

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Information is not shown separately in this release for injured workers under age 14; they accounted for 55 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.

Table E-8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, 1994

Occupation	Total cases	Percent of cases involving							Median days away from work
		1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	16.3	12.9	21.0	13.3	11.2	6.4	18.9	5
Truck drivers	100.0	11.6	9.9	19.7	13.9	12.7	7.0	25.2	8
Laborers, nonconstruction	100.0	16.7	13.3	20.9	13.2	10.8	6.6	18.4	5
Nursing aides, orderlies	100.0	13.9	14.2	24.1	15.4	11.8	5.0	15.6	5
Janitors and cleaners	100.0	17.1	12.6	19.9	14.0	10.6	7.1	18.7	6
Construction laborers	100.0	15.6	11.9	20.2	13.6	10.2	7.2	21.3	6
Assemblers	100.0	18.7	11.9	18.5	12.4	11.8	6.5	20.3	6
Carpenters	100.0	14.4	10.4	18.3	14.3	11.1	7.4	24.1	8
Stock handlers and baggers	100.0	16.4	14.7	22.8	14.3	10.7	6.7	14.4	5
Cooks	100.0	17.3	14.9	25.8	11.9	11.5	5.4	13.2	5
Cashiers	100.0	14.8	13.2	23.2	12.3	9.3	9.3	17.8	5
Miscellaneous food preparation	100.0	21.7	12.7	23.4	15.2	10.4	4.5	12.1	4
Sales workers, miscellaneous commodities	100.0	16.1	13.0	22.4	13.2	11.3	8.0	16.2	5
Welders and cutters	100.0	24.9	13.8	16.7	11.7	9.0	6.2	17.7	4
Supervisors and proprietors, sales	100.0	15.9	14.9	21.0	13.2	11.0	8.2	15.8	5
Registered nurses	100.0	17.7	16.3	23.5	12.5	11.0	5.5	13.5	4
Maids and housemen	100.0	14.4	12.9	25.4	14.4	10.9	6.1	16.0	5
Waiters and waitresses	100.0	15.8	14.7	27.7	13.0	7.6	4.4	16.9	5
Shipping and receiving clerks	100.0	18.3	14.2	21.8	13.1	11.9	5.6	15.0	5
Automobile mechanics	100.0	18.5	14.7	20.4	12.5	10.0	5.4	18.6	5
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	100.0	15.2	14.0	24.5	14.5	10.0	6.5	15.3	5
Driver-sales workers	100.0	12.0	13.5	21.8	12.8	13.5	5.3	21.1	6
Electricians	100.0	15.4	12.1	16.7	12.8	12.1	8.1	22.9	8
Farm workers	100.0	12.3	10.7	23.1	15.4	14.3	5.8	18.3	6
Kitchen workers	100.0	18.6	14.2	25.0	13.7	9.4	4.3	14.8	4
Supervisors, production	100.0	19.0	13.8	20.9	13.5	10.0	7.0	15.8	5
Packaging machine operators	100.0	15.8	12.0	18.5	12.6	13.7	6.0	21.3	7
Stock and inventory clerks	100.0	18.3	13.4	22.1	12.3	11.9	7.2	14.8	5
Industrial machinery repairers	100.0	16.8	11.0	18.2	10.5	12.5	7.0	24.0	7
Health aides, except nursing	100.0	16.7	15.3	25.8	16.3	10.7	4.6	10.5	5
Textile sewing machine operators	100.0	18.7	10.8	18.0	11.6	11.8	6.6	22.6	6
Guards and police, except public	100.0	15.0	12.0	22.8	12.5	10.0	5.7	21.9	6
Industrial truck, tractor equipment operators	100.0	16.1	14.6	19.9	11.3	11.8	6.9	19.5	5
Licensed practical nurses	100.0	16.1	12.5	25.7	11.8	10.7	4.9	18.2	5
Plumbers, pipefitters, steamfitters	100.0	18.6	10.4	18.9	12.7	10.1	6.5	22.9	7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.

Table E-9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and number of days away from work, 1994

Characteristic	Total cases	Percent of cases involving							Median days away from work
		1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	16.3	12.9	21.0	13.3	11.2	6.4	18.9	5
Nature of injury, illness:									
Sprains, strains	100.0	12.9	12.8	23.2	14.9	12.1	6.1	18.2	6
Bruises, contusions	100.0	23.5	17.6	23.6	12.4	8.1	4.0	10.6	3
Cuts, lacerations	100.0	26.8	16.0	21.6	13.7	9.2	4.5	8.3	3
Fractures	100.0	7.7	6.9	12.3	10.8	12.9	11.3	38.0	20
Carpal tunnel syndrome	100.0	3.4	3.6	7.5	10.3	14.6	12.0	48.7	30
Heat burns	100.0	19.1	14.9	25.1	15.3	11.6	5.7	8.2	4
Tendonitis	100.0	11.5	8.4	18.2	14.8	14.3	8.6	24.1	10
Chemical burns	100.0	32.6	20.4	22.7	10.5	5.9	3.0	4.8	2
Amputations	100.0	5.3	4.0	9.9	11.2	15.4	14.0	40.2	24
Multiple injuries	100.0	14.5	11.7	20.2	12.7	11.7	7.4	21.8	7
Part of body affected:									
Head	100.0	39.6	20.6	20.3	8.0	4.9	1.6	4.9	2
Eyes	100.0	48.2	23.3	19.1	5.2	2.3	.5	1.3	2
Neck	100.0	14.6	13.8	20.4	12.2	11.2	5.7	22.1	6
Trunk	100.0	11.9	11.8	22.6	14.5	12.2	6.7	20.2	7
Shoulder	100.0	12.6	10.7	19.3	13.3	11.8	7.0	25.4	8
Back	100.0	11.6	12.3	23.9	15.1	12.0	5.9	19.1	6
Upper extremities	100.0	18.2	12.9	18.9	13.3	11.2	7.0	18.6	6
Wrist	100.0	10.4	9.1	15.0	12.6	12.1	9.1	31.8	13
Hand, except finger	100.0	20.7	15.5	23.4	13.6	9.4	4.6	12.8	4
Finger	100.0	22.7	13.9	19.3	13.8	11.2	7.0	12.0	4
Lower extremities	100.0	15.3	12.9	21.1	13.3	11.4	7.0	19.1	6
Knee	100.0	11.9	10.7	18.8	13.2	13.2	7.5	24.7	9
Foot, except toe	100.0	18.9	14.5	21.8	12.1	10.0	6.7	15.8	5
Toe	100.0	20.4	15.0	22.9	13.8	11.3	6.7	9.9	4
Body systems	100.0	24.3	14.9	20.1	13.2	7.8	5.0	14.7	4
Multiple parts	100.0	13.5	11.3	20.1	12.4	11.6	6.4	24.7	7
Source of injury, illness:									
Chemicals and chemical products	100.0	30.7	19.1	23.0	11.0	6.7	2.8	6.7	3
Containers	100.0	14.9	12.6	22.5	14.4	11.8	6.2	17.6	5
Furniture and fixtures	100.0	18.7	15.1	23.0	13.4	9.5	5.4	14.9	4
Machinery	100.0	16.7	12.6	19.8	13.5	12.0	7.0	18.5	6
Parts and materials	100.0	18.0	13.5	21.2	13.0	10.9	6.5	16.8	5
Worker motion or position	100.0	11.1	10.8	19.6	13.8	12.9	7.6	24.2	8
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	100.0	12.2	11.5	20.1	12.7	11.1	7.6	24.9	8
Tools, instruments, and equipment	100.0	23.1	14.7	21.6	13.4	9.8	5.2	12.2	4
Vehicles	100.0	13.7	11.9	19.4	13.2	12.8	6.5	22.6	7
Health care patient	100.0	13.9	14.0	24.9	15.1	12.3	5.0	14.8	5
Event or exposure:									
Contact with objects and equipment	100.0	24.3	15.5	20.6	12.3	9.3	5.3	12.7	4
Struck by object	100.0	24.3	15.6	21.2	12.8	8.9	5.0	12.2	4
Struck against object	100.0	23.8	15.6	21.3	12.3	9.2	5.7	12.2	4
Caught in equipment or object	100.0	16.9	12.2	18.7	13.1	13.1	7.0	19.1	6
Fall to lower level	100.0	11.0	10.0	17.3	12.2	11.6	9.6	28.4	10
Fall to same level	100.0	13.1	12.4	21.4	12.7	10.8	6.9	22.6	6
Slips, trips, loss of balance—without fall	100.0	13.2	12.5	23.2	13.4	12.5	6.4	18.8	6
Overexertion	100.0	12.2	12.0	22.7	15.0	12.4	6.4	19.3	6
Overexertion in lifting	100.0	11.8	12.1	23.3	15.3	12.5	6.1	18.8	6
Repetitive motion	100.0	7.3	6.6	12.4	12.4	14.3	10.6	36.4	18
Exposure to harmful substances	100.0	28.1	17.4	23.5	12.1	8.0	3.6	7.2	3
Transportation accidents	100.0	11.6	11.3	16.6	12.0	14.6	7.3	26.6	10
Fires and explosions	100.0	20.8	8.1	15.5	13.4	9.6	4.5	28.1	7
Assaults and violent acts by person	100.0	19.1	14.8	20.6	13.7	9.9	5.1	16.9	5

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.

Table E-10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry division and number of days away from work, 1994

Characteristic	Total cases	Percent of cases involving							Median days away from work
		1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private industry ² [2,236,600 cases]	100.0	16.3	12.9	21.0	13.3	11.2	6.4	18.9	5
Goods-producing:									
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	100.0	13.5	12.9	23.1	14.7	12.2	6.1	17.6	6
Mining ³	100.0	9.1	7.2	15.8	11.0	10.0	5.9	40.9	16
Construction	100.0	15.5	11.8	19.3	13.2	10.7	6.7	22.8	7
Manufacturing	100.0	18.6	12.9	18.9	12.7	11.4	6.7	18.8	5
Durable goods	100.0	19.1	12.8	18.4	12.5	11.4	6.9	18.9	5
Nondurable goods	100.0	17.7	12.9	19.6	12.9	11.6	6.5	18.8	5
Service-producing:									
Transportation and public utilities ³	100.0	12.0	10.6	19.6	14.2	12.7	7.0	24.0	8
Wholesale trade	100.0	16.9	13.5	22.2	12.5	11.3	5.9	17.8	5
Retail trade	100.0	16.3	13.8	22.9	13.4	10.5	6.7	16.5	5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	100.0	17.0	12.2	21.0	12.6	11.0	5.8	20.4	5
Services	100.0	16.2	14.1	23.1	14.0	11.0	5.7	16.0	5

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S.

Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.